Hello rising geometry students!

It's time for summer math! We would like to make sure that you continue to learn this summer by completing the following pre-algebra math topics. Research shows that all students experience learning losses during the summer when they do not engage in educational activities. On average, students lose approximately 2.6 months of grade level equivalency in mathematical computations during the summer months (Harvard Graduate School of Education).

At the beginning of each topic, there is an explanation and examples. If you're still stuck, I highly recommend Khan Academy as a resource.

Please turn in your completed summer math assignment to Mrs. Boulet on the first day of school to receive extra credit!

Wishing you a safe and relaxing summer! Mrs. Boulet





# **Order of Operations**



<u>Evaluate Numerical Expressions</u> - Numerical expressions often contain more than one operation. To evaluate them, use the rules for order of operations shown below.

Order of Operations

**Step 1** Evaluate expressions inside grouping symbols.

Step 2 Evaluate all powers.

Step 3 Do all multiplication and/or division from left to right.

Step 4 Do all addition and/or subtraction from left to right.



#### **MODEL PROBLEMS**

Simplify each expression.

SOLUTIONS

1  $10 + 8 \div 2$ 

Division comes first:  $10 + 8 \div 2 = 10 + 4$ 

Addition comes next: 10 + 4 = 14

Answer: 14

2  $4^2 + 10 \cdot 3 \div 5 - 10$ 

Evaluate exponents:  $4^2 + 10 \cdot 3 \div 5 - 10 = 16 + 10 \cdot 3 \div 5 - 10$ 

Multiply and divide in order from left to right:

 $16 + 10 \cdot 3 \div 5 - 10 = 16 + 30 \div 5 - 10 = 16 + 6 - 10$ 

Add and subtract in order from left to right: 16 + 6 - 10 = 22 - 10 = 12

Answer: 12

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

- **1.** Evaluate the expression  $(21-7)\times(15-7)-4\times3$ 
  - (1) 50
- (2)75
- (3) 100
- (4) 125
- **2.** What is the first step in evaluating the expression  $(15-12) \div 3$ ?
  - (1) Subtract 12 from 15
- (2) Divide 12 by 3
- (3) Subtract 3 from 15
- (4) Divide 15 by 3
- **3.** Evaluate the expression  $-2 \cdot 3^2 + 20$ .
- **4.** Evaluate the expression  $15-10 \div 5 \cdot 2 + 4$ .
- **5.** Evaluate the expression  $28 \div (5-1) \cdot 3$ .



# 32

# **Evaluating Algebraic Expressions**



<u>Evaluate Algebraic Expressions</u> - Algebraic expressions may contain more than one operation. Algebraic expressions can be evaluated if the values of the variables are known.

- First, replace the variables with their values.
- Then use the order of operations to calculate the value of the resulting numerical expression.

#### **Evaluate Numerical Expressions**

Evaluate x + 5(y - 3) if x = 2 and y = 12.

$$x + 5(y - 3)$$

2+5(12-3) Replace x with 2 and y with 12.

2 + 5(9) Subtract 3 from 12.

2 + 45 Multiply 5 and 9. 47 Add 2 and 45.

The solution is 47.

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

- **6.** What is the value of  $x + y^2$  when x = 3 and y = 5?
  - (1)64
- (2)34
- (3)28
- (4) 13
- 7. Find the value of a-(b-c) when a=-3, b=4, and c=-5.
  - (1) 12
- (2) -2
- (3) -4
- (4) 6
- **8.** Evaluate the expression  $(x+1)^2 y$  when x = 4 and y = 6.
- **9.** Evaluate the expression x(y+z) when x=-2, y=3 and z=-6.
- **10.** Evaluate the expression  $\frac{w+x}{2}$  when w=4 and x=-2.





# **Simplifying Algebraic Expressions**





Terms such as 4x and 5x are called **like terms** since they differ *only* in their numerical coefficients, in this case, 4 and 5. To combine like terms, use the reverse of the distributive property. For example:

$$5x + 3x = (5 + 3)x = 8x$$

and

$$7x - x = 7x - 1 \cdot x = (7 - 1)x = 6x$$

*Directions* – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

**Directions** – Snow all work here and place all final choices/answers on the ans

- **11.** Simplify (7x+6x)-12x.
  - (1) x
- (2) 2x
- (3)  $x^2$
- (4) 1
- 12. Which expression is equivalent to 5a+8-2(a+4)?
  - (1) 3a
- (2) 3a+4
- (3) 3a+12
- (4) 3a+15

- **13.** Simplify 5x 3y 7x + y
- **14.** Simplify 4(x+1)+2x+5
- **15.** Simplify 8x 2(7x 3)



# 32





<u>Multi-Step Equations</u> - To solve equations with more than one operation, often called **multi-step equations**, undo operations by working backward. Reverse the usual order of operations as you work.

<u>Equations With Variables on the Same Side</u> - To solve an equation with the same variable on the same side, first combine like terms. Then solve the equation.

<u>Equations With Variables on Each Side</u> - To solve an equation with the same variable on each side, first use the Addition or the Subtraction Property of Equality to write an equivalent equation that has the variable on just one side of the equation. Then solve the equation.

#### **Multi-Step Equations**

Solve 
$$5x + 3 = 23$$
.

$$5x + 3 - 3 = 23 - 3$$
 Subtract 3 from each side.

$$5x = 20$$
 Simplify.

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$$
 Divide each side by 5.

$$x = 4$$
 Simplify.

#### **Equations With Variables on the Same Side**

Solve 
$$5y - 3y - 8 = 12$$
.

$$2y - 8 = 12$$

Combine like terms.

$$2y - 8 + 8 = 12 + 8$$

Add 8 from each side.

$$2y = 20$$

Simplify.

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$$

Divide each side by 2.

$$y = 10$$

Simplify.

#### **Equations With Variables on Each Side**

Solve 13y - 45 = 36 + 4y.

$$13y - 45 - 4y = 36 + 4y - 4y$$
 Sub

Subtract 4y from each side.

$$9y = 81$$

Simplify.

$$9v - 45 = 36$$

Simplify.

$$\frac{9y}{9} = \frac{81}{9}$$

Divide each side by 9.

$$9v - 45 + 45 = 36 + 45$$

Add 45 from each side.

$$v = 9$$

Simplify.

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

**16.** What is the solution of 2x + 7 = 25?

$$(1)-16$$

$$(2) - 9$$

17. What is the solution of 3y - 5y + 10 = 36?

$$(1) - 13$$

**18.** Solve 
$$7x - 5 = 58$$
.

**19.** Solve 
$$5y - 9 - 2y = 6$$
.

**20.** Solve 
$$2x - 6 = -8x + 14$$
.



# **Solving Proportions**



Solving Proportions - If a proportion involves a variable, you can use cross products to solve the proportion. In the proportion  $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{10}{12}$ , x and 12 are called **extremes.** They are the first and last terms of the proportion. 5 and 10 are called **means**. They are the middle terms of the proportion. In a proportion, the product of the extremes is equal to the product of the means.

**Means-Extremes Property of Proportions** 

For any numbers a, b, c, and d, if  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ , then ad = bc.

Example: Solve  $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{10}{12}$ .

$$\frac{x}{6} = \frac{10}{12}$$

Original proportion

$$12(x) = 6(10)$$

Cross products

$$12x = 60$$

Simplify.

$$\frac{12x}{12} = \frac{60}{12}$$

Divide each side by 12.

$$x = 5$$

Simplify.

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

**21.** What is the solution of  $\frac{x}{5} = \frac{16}{20}$ ?

- (1)2
- (3)6
- (4) 8

22. What is the solution of  $\frac{2.4}{4} = \frac{3}{y}$ ?

- (1) 0.2
- (2) 0.5
- (3) 2
- (4)5

**23.** Solve  $\frac{5}{12} = \frac{x}{36}$ .

**24.** Solve  $\frac{y}{54} = \frac{12}{18}$ .

**25.** Solve  $\frac{8}{x} = \frac{1.2}{3}$ .





## **Coordinate Pairs**



#### Naming Points in a Coordinate Plane

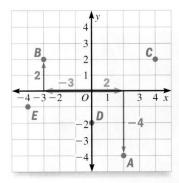
Give the coordinates of the point.

**a.** A

**b.** *B* 

Solution

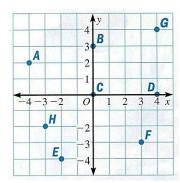
**a.** Point *A* is 2 units to the right of the origin and 4 units down. The *x*-coordinate is 2, and the *y*-coordinate is -4. The coordinates are (2, -4).



**b.** Point *B* is 3 units to the left of the origin and 2 units up. The x-coordinate is -3, and the y-coordinate is 2. The coordinates are (-3, 2).

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

For questions 26-30, refer to the picture below.



**26.** What are the coordinates of point *B*?

(1)(0,3)

(2)(1,3)

(3)(3,0)

(4)(3,1)

**27.** Which point has the coordinates (-3, -2)?

(1) E

(2) *H* 

(3) F

(4) A

- **28.** What are the coordinates of point A?
- **29.** What are the coordinates of point D?
- **30.** What are the coordinates of point F?



# **Slope**



**Find Slope** - The **slope** of a line is the ratio of change in the y-coordinates (rise) to the change in the xcoordinates (run) as you move in the positive direction.

Find the slope of the line that passes through (-3, 5) and (4, -2).

Let  $(-3, 5) = (x_1, y_1)$  and  $(4, -2) = (x_2, y_2)$ .

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Slope formula

$$=\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)}$$

$$y_2$$
= -2,  $y_1$  = 5,  $x_2$ = 4,  $x_1$  = -3

$$=\frac{-7}{7}$$

Simplify.

= -1

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

**31.** What is the slope of a line through the points (-4,2) and (6,8)?

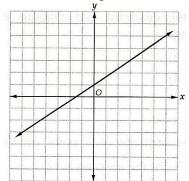
$$(1) -\frac{3}{5}$$
  $(2) \frac{3}{5}$   $(3) \frac{5}{3}$   $(4) -\frac{5}{3}$ 

(2) 
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{5}{3}$$

$$(4) -\frac{5}{3}$$

**32.** What is the slope of the line in the graph?



(1) 
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
 (2) 1

$$(3) \frac{2}{3}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 (4)  $-\frac{2}{3}$ 

Find the slope of the line through the given points.

**33.** 
$$(8,-3)$$
 and  $(10,7)$ 

**35.** 
$$(3,4)$$
 and  $(7,-12)$ 





# **Graphing Lines**

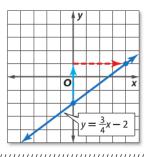


Slope-Intercept Form

y = mx + b, where m is the slope and b is the y-intercept

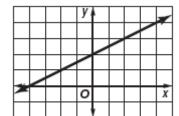
Graph  $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 2$ .

- The y-intercept of  $y = \frac{3}{4}x 2$  is -2 and the slope is  $\frac{3}{4}$ .
- So graph the point (0, -2).
- From this point, move up 3 units and right 4 units.
- Draw a line passing through both points.



**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

**36.** Which function is graphed below?



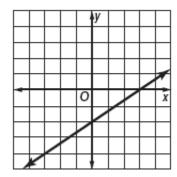
(1) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$
 (2)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$ 

$$(2) \ \ y = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$$

(3) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$$
 (4)  $y = -2x + 2$ 

(4) 
$$y = -2x + 2$$

**37.** Which function is graphed below?



(1) 
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$$
 (2)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2$ 

$$(2) \ \ y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2$$

(3) 
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 2$$
 (4)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$ 

$$(4) \ \ y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$$

**38.** Graph y = 2x - 5 on the answer page.

**39.** Graph y = -2x + 7 on the answer page.

**40.** Graph  $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 2$  on the answer page.



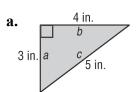
# **Perimeter**

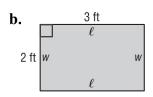


<u>Perimeter and Circumference</u> – The distance around a figure. Perimeter is measured in linear units.

Triangle	Square	Rectangle	
c h d	s s	e w	
P = b + c + d	P = s + s + s + s	$P = \ell + w + \ell + w$	
	=4s	$=2\ell+2w$	
$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$	$A = s^2$	$A = \ell w$	
P = perimeter of polygor	A = area of	figure	

#### Find the perimeter.



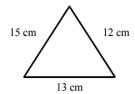


$$P = a + b + c$$
  
= 3 + 4 + 5  
= 12 in.

$$P = 2\ell + 2w$$
  
= 2(3) + 2(2)  
= 10 ft.

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

**41.** What is the perimeter of the triangle?



b = base, h = height

- (1) 156
- (2) 195
- (3)40
- (4)30

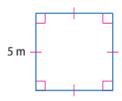
**42.** A rectangle is 6.2 inches long and 1.7 inches wide. Find its perimeter.

 $\ell = \text{length}, w = \text{width}$ 

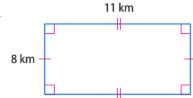
- (1)7.9
- (2) 105.4
- (3) 15.8
- (4) 10.54

Find the perimeter of each figure.

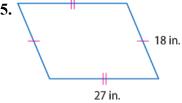
43.



44.



**45.** 







### Area

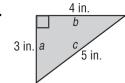


**Area** – The number of square units needed to cover a surface. Area is measured in square units.

Triangle	Square	Rectangle	Circle	
c h d	s s	e e	r	
P = b + c + d	P = s + s + s + s	$P = \ell + w + \ell + w$	$C=2\pi r$ or	
	=4s	$=2\ell+2w$	$C = \pi d$	
$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$	$A = s^2$	$A = \ell w$	$A = \pi r^2$	
P = perimeter of polygon $A =$ area of figure $C =$ circumference				
b = base, h = height	$\ell = \text{length},$	w = width	r = radius, d = diameter	

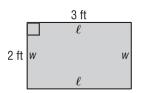
#### Find the area. Round to the nearest tenth.

a.



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}(4)(3)$$

b.



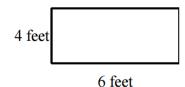
$$A = lw$$
$$= (3)(2)$$
$$= 6 \text{ ft}^2$$



$$A = \pi r^2$$
  
=  $\pi (5)^2$   
=  $25\pi = 78.5 \text{ in}^2$ 

**Directions** – Show all work here and place all final choices/answers on the answer page.

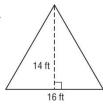
**46.** What is the area of this rectangle?



- (1) 24 square feet
- (2) 10 square feet
- (3) 23 feet
- (4) 24 feet
- **47.** What is the number of square units in the area of a square whose side is 8 inches?
  - $(1) 16 in^2$
- $(2) 32 in^2$
- $(3) 64 in^2$
- $(4) 512 in^2$

Find the area of each figure.

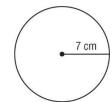
48.



49.



**50.** 



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# Algebra Summer Assignment Answer Page

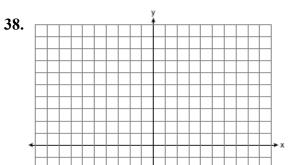
**Directions** -

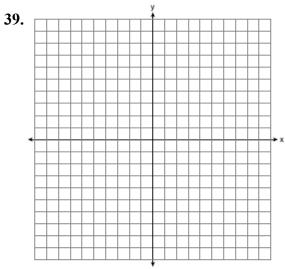
For **Multiple Choice** questions, place the choice number in the corresponding provided space. For **Short Answer** questions, leave the work in the previous pages and just place the final answer in the corresponding space.

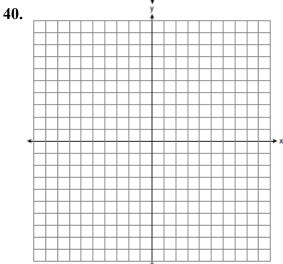
<u>Order</u>	of Operati	ons Page 2			
1	2	3	4	5	
Evalua	te Algebra	ic Expressions Page 3			
6	7	8	9	10	
Simpli	fying Expr	essions Page 4			
11	12	13	14	15	
Solving	g Equation	s Page 5			
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<b>Solving</b>	g Proportio	ons Page 6			
21	22	23	24	25	
Coord	inate Pairs	Page 7			
26	27	28	29	30	
<u>Slope</u>	Page 8				
31	32	33	34	35	

#### **Graphing Lines** Page 9

36. \_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_







#### **Perimeter** Page 10

41. \_\_\_\_ 42. \_\_\_ 43. \_\_\_\_ 44. \_\_\_\_ 45. \_\_\_\_\_

Area Page 11

46. \_\_\_\_ 47. \_\_\_ 48. \_\_\_\_ 49. \_\_\_\_ 50. \_\_\_\_\_